## Week One

Suffixes (-ful, -y, -ly, -er, -or)
Suffixes are word parts added to the end of words. This week, we are going to be looking at words with -ful, -y, -ly, -er, -or as suffixes. Some of these words can be found below. Notice how, once adding the suffix, the spellings of the word may change as well.

Example Words
-ful
play $\rightarrow$ playful -ly
deep $\rightarrow$ deeply -or
direct $\rightarrow$ director

Words with ough and augh
In words with ough, the letters ou may sound like a long /o/ as in tone, short /u/ as in run, /aw/ as in saw, /ow/ as in town, or /oo/ as in moon. In words with augh, the letters au may sound like /a/ as in map, or /aw/ as in saw. In words with these patterns, the gh may be silent or make the $/ f$ / sound as in for.

## Example Words

## ough

tough
dough

## augh

caught
laugh

Words with / $\mathrm{j} /$ and /s/
The letter $g$ often stands for the $/ \mathrm{j} /$ sound when it's followed by e, i, or y . The letter c often stands for the $/ \mathrm{s} /$ sound when it is followed by e, i, or $y$.

## Example Words

cry $\rightarrow$ cries
puppy $\rightarrow$ puppies hurry $\rightarrow$ hurried story $\rightarrow$ stories penny $\rightarrow$ pennies

